

From 2015 Edition Book 2 Archery Canada

Age Classes *in addition*

AC 4.2.6. An athlete may participate in a PeeWee Class in tournaments when the competition takes place up to and in the year of his 9th birthday.

AC 4.2.7. An athlete may participate in a Pre-Cub Class in tournaments when the competition takes place up to and in the year of his 12th birthday.

AC 4.2.8. An athlete may participate in a Cub Class in tournaments when the competition takes place up to and in the year of his 14th birthday.

AC 4.2.9. An athlete may participate in a Master60 Class in tournaments when the competition takes place in the year of his 60th birthday and thereafter.

From 2015 Edition Book 3 Archery Canada _ Equipment

11.1. For the Recurve Division, the following items are permitted:

11.1.1. A bow of any type provided it complies with the common meaning of the word "bow" as used in target archery, that

is, an instrument consisting of a handle (grip), riser (no shoot-through type) and two flexible limbs each ending in a tip with a string nock. The bow is braced for use by a single string attached directly between the two string nocks, and

in operation is held in one hand by its handle (grip) while the fingers of the other hand draw and release the string.

11.1.1.1. Multi-coloured bow risers and trademarks located on the inside of the upper and lower limb or on the riser are permitted.

11.1.1.2. Risers including a brace are permitted provided the brace does not consistently touch the athlete's hand or wrist.

11.1.2. A bowstring of any number of strands.

11.1.2.1. Which may be of different colours and of the material chosen for the purpose. It may have a centre serving to accommodate the drawing fingers, a nocking point to which may be added serving(s) to fit the arrow nock as necessary, and, to locate this point, one or two nock locators may be positioned. At each end of the bowstring there is a loop which is placed in the string nocks of the bow when braced. In addition one attachment is permitted on the string to serve as a lip or nose mark. The serving on the string shall not end within the athlete's vision at full draw. The bowstring shall not in any way assist aiming through the use of a peephole, marking, or any other means.

11.1.3. An arrow rest, which can be adjustable.

11.1.3.1. Any moveable pressure button, pressure point or arrow plate may be used on the bow provided they are not electric or electronic and do not offer any additional aid in aiming. The pressure point may not be placed any further back than 4cm (inside) from the throat of the handle (pivot point) of the bow.

11.1.4. One draw check indicator, audible and/or visual may be used provided it is not electric or electronic.

11.1.5. A bow sight is permitted, but at no time may more than one such device be used.

11.1.5.1. It shall not incorporate a prism, lens, or any other magnifying device, levelling, electric or electronic devices nor shall it provide for more than one sighting point.

11.1.5.2. The overall length of the sighting circle or point (tunnel, tube, sighting pin or other corresponding extended component) shall not exceed 2cm in the line of vision of the athlete.

11.1.5.3. A sight may be attached to the bow for the purpose of aiming and which may allow for windage adjustment as well as an elevation setting. It is subject to the following provisions:

A bow sight extension is permitted;

A plate or tape with distance marking may be mounted on the sight as a guide for marking, but shall not in any way offer any additional aid;

The sight point may be a fibre optic sight pin. The total length of the fibre optic pin may exceed 2cm, provided that one end is attached outside the athlete's line of vision at full draw, while the part within the athlete's line of vision does not exceed 2cm in a straight line before bending. It can only provide one illuminated aiming spot at full draw.

The fibre optic pin is measured independently of the tunnel.

11.1.6. Stabilisers and torque flight compensators on the bow are permitted.

11.1.6.1. They may not: Serve as a string guide; Touch anything but the bow; Represent any danger or obstruction to other athletes.

11.1.7. Arrows of any type may be used provided they comply with the common meaning of the word "arrow" as used in target archery, and do not cause undue damage to target faces or butts.

11.1.7.1. An arrow consists of a shaft with a tip (point), nocks, fletching and, if desired, cresting. The maximum diameter of arrow shafts shall not exceed 9.3mm (arrow wraps shall not be considered as part of this limitation as long they do not extend further than 22cm toward the point of the arrow when measured from the throat - nock hole where the string sits

- of the nock to the end of the wrap); the tips (points) for these arrows may have a maximum diameter of 9.4mm. All arrows of every athlete shall be marked with the athlete's name or initials on the shaft. All arrows used in any end shall be identical and shall carry the same pattern and colour(s) of fletching, nocks and cresting, if any. Tracer nocks

11.1.8. Finger protection in the form of finger stalls or tips, gloves, or shooting tab or tape, to draw and release the string is

permitted, provided they do not incorporate any device that shall assist the athlete to draw and release the string.

11.1.8.1. A separator between the fingers to prevent pinching the arrow may be used. An anchor plate or similar device attached to the finger protection (tab) for the purpose of anchoring is permitted. On the bow hand an ordinary glove, mitten or similar item may be worn but shall not be attached to the grip of the bow.

11.1.9. Field glasses, telescopes and other visual aids may be used for spotting arrows:

11.1.9.1. Provided they do not represent any obstruction to other athletes.

11.1.9.2. Scopes shall be adjusted so the highest portion of the scope is no higher than the armpit of the athletes.

11.1.9.3. Prescription spectacles, shooting spectacles and sunglasses may be used. None of these may be fitted with micro-hole lenses, or similar devices, nor may they be marked in any way that can assist in aiming.

11.1.9.4. Should the athlete need to cover the spectacle glass of the non-sighting eye, then it shall be fully covered or taped, or an eye patch may be used.

11.1.10. Accessories are permitted:

11.1.10.1. Including arm guard, chest protector, bow sling and belt or ground quiver. Foot markers may not protrude more than 1cm from the ground. Devices to raise a foot or part thereof, attached or independent of the shoe, are permitted provided that the devices do not present an obstruction to other athletes at the shooting line position or protrude more than 2cm past the footprint of the shoe. Also permitted are limb savers. Wind indicators (non-electric or nonelectronic) may be attached to the equipment used on the shooting line (e.g. ligh

11.2.

For the Compound Division, the following equipment is described. All types of additional devices are permitted, unless they

are electric, electronic, compromise safety or create unfair disturbance to other athletes.

11.2.1. A Compound Bow, which may be of a shoot-through type riser, is one where the draw is mechanically varied by a system of pulleys or cams. The bow is braced for use by bowstring(s) attached directly to the cams, string nocks of the bow limbs, cables or by other means as may be applicable to the design.

11.2.1.1. The peak draw weight shall not exceed 60 lbs.

11.2.1.2. Cable guards are permitted.

11.2.1.3. A brace or split cables are permitted, provided they do not consistently touch the athlete's hand, wrist or bow arm.

11.2.1.4. A bowstring of any type which may include multiple serving/s to accommodate nocking points and include other attachments such as a lip or nose mark, a peep-hole, a peep-hole 'hold-in-line' device, loop bowstring, etc.

11.2.1.5. The pressure point of the arrow rest which can be adjustable shall be placed no further back than 6cm (inside) from the throat of the handle (pivot point of the bow).

11.2.1.6. Stabilizers may not touch anything but the bow.

11.2.2. Draw check indicators, audible and/or visual may be used.

11.2.3. A bow sight attached to the bow.

11.2.3.1. Which may allow for windage adjustment as well as an elevation setting, and which may also incorporate a levelling device, and/or magnifying lenses and/or prisms.

11.2.3.2. The sight points may be a fibre optic sight pin and/or a chemical glowstick. The glowstick shall be encased so as not to disturb other athletes.

11.2.4. A release aid may be used provided it is not attached in any way to the bow. Any type of finger protection may be used.

11.2.5. The following restrictions shall apply:

Article 11.1.7. and Article 11.1.7.1. ;

Article 11.1.8.1. ;

Article 11.1.9. as limited by Article 11.1.9.2. , and Article 11.1.9.3. ;

Article 11.1.10.1. ;

"Peep Elimination" sights can be used in Compound Divisions and assuming such a sight does not incorporate any electric or electronic device.

11.3. For athletes of both divisions the following equipment is not permitted:

11.3.1. Any electronic or electrical device that can be attached to the athlete's equipment.

11.3.2. Any electronic communication device, headsets or noise reduction devices in front of the waiting line.

11.4. For Olympic Games no electronic communication device is allowed on the competition field unless required by the

Organising Committee.

AC 11.5 For the **Barebow Division** the following items are permitted:

Barebow follows World Archery rules for Barebow. Refer to section WA 22.3, Book 4. Repeated here.

WA 22.3.1. A bow of any type provided it complies with the common meaning of the word bow as used in target

archery, that is, an instrument consisting of a handle (grip), riser (no shoot-through type) and two flexible limbs each ending in a tip with a string nock. The bow is braced for use by a single string attached directly between the two string nocks, and in operation is held in one hand by its handle (grip) while the fingers of the other hand draw and release the string.

The bow as described above shall be bare except for the arrow rest and free from protrusions, sights or sight marks, marks or blemishes or laminated pieces (within the bow window area) which could be of use in aiming. The unbraced bow complete with permitted accessories shall be capable of passing through a hole or ring with a 12.2cm inside diameter +/-0.5mm..

22.3.1.1. Multi-coloured bow risers, and trademarks located on the inside of the upper and lower limb or on the riser are permitted. However if the area within the sight window is coloured in such a way that it could be used for aiming, then it must be taped over.

22.3.1.2. Risers including a brace are permitted provided the brace does not consistently touch the athlete's hand or wrist.

WA 22.3.2. A bow string of any number of strands.

WA 22.3.2.1. Which may be of different colours and of the material chosen for the purpose. It may have a centre serving to accommodate the drawing fingers, a nocking point to which may be added serving(s) to fit the arrow nock as necessary, and, to locate this point, one or two nock locators may be positioned. At each end of the bowstring there is a loop which is placed in the string nocks of the bow when braced. No lip or nose mark is permitted. The serving on the string shall not end within the athlete's vision at full draw. The bowstring shall not in any way assist aiming through the use of a peephole, marking, or any other means.

WA 22.3.3. An arrow rest, which can be adjustable.

WA 22.3.3.1. A moveable pressure button, pressure point or arrow plate may all be used on the bow provided they do not offer any additional aid in aiming. The pressure point may not be placed any further back than 2cm (inside) from the throat of the handle (pivot point of the bow).

WA 22.3.4. No draw check device may be used.

WA 22.3.5. Face and string walking are permitted.

WA 22.3.6. No stabilisers are permitted.

WA 22.3.6.1. Torque flight compensators fitted as part of the bow are permitted provided that they do not have stabilisers.

WA 22.3.6.2. Weight(s) may be added to the lower part of the riser. All weights, regardless of shape,

shall mount directly to the riser without rods, extensions, angular mounting connections or shockabsorbing devices.

WA 22.3.7. Arrows of any type may be used provided they subscribe to the accepted principle and meaning of the

word arrow as used in target archery, and that these arrows do not cause undue damage to the targets.

WA 22.3.7.1. An arrow consists of a shaft with a tip (point), nocks, fletching and, if desired, cresting. The maximum diameter of arrow shafts shall not exceed 9.3mm (arrow wraps shall not be considered as part of this limitation as long they do not extend further than 22cm toward the point of the arrow when measured from the throat - nock hole where the string sits - of the nock to the end of the wrap); the tips (points) for these arrows may have a maximum diameter of 9.4mm. All arrows of every athlete shall be marked with the athlete's name or initials on the shaft. All arrows used shall be identical and shall carry the same pattern and colour(s) of fletching, nocks and cresting, if any. Tracer nocks (electrically/electronically lighted nocks) are not allowed.

WA 22.3.8. Finger protection in the form of finger stalls or tips, gloves, or shooting tab or tape, to draw and release

the string is permitted, provided they do not incorporate any device that shall assist the athlete to hold,

draw and release the string.

WA 22.3.8.1. A separator between the fingers to prevent pinching the arrow may be used. An anchor plate or

similar device attached to the finger protection (tab) for the purpose of anchoring is permitted.

The stitching shall be uniform in colour. Marks or lines shall be uniform in size, shape and colour. Additional memoranda and markings are not permitted. On the bow hand an ordinary glove, mitten or similar item may be worn but shall not be attached to the grip of the bow.

Archery Canada 29 October 2014 AC 5c

WA 22.3.9. Field glasses, telescopes and other visual aids for spotting arrows:

WA 22.3.9.1. Provided they do not represent any obstruction to other athletes.

WA 22.3.9.2. Prescription spectacles, shooting spectacles and sunglasses may be used. None of these may

be fitted with micro-hole lenses, or similar devices, nor may they be marked in any way that can assist in aiming.

WA 22.3.9.3. Should the athlete need to cover the spectacle glass of the non-sighting eye, then it shall be fully covered or taped, or an eye patch may be used.

WA 22.3.10. Accessories are permitted:

WA 22.3.10.1. Including arm guard, chest protector, bow sling, belt-, back- or ground-quiver. Devices to raise

a foot or part thereof, attached or independent of the shoe, are permitted provided that the devices do not present an obstruction to other athletes at the shooting peg or protrude more than 2cm past the footprint of the shoe. Also permitted are limb savers.